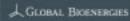


↓ GLOBAL BIOENERGIES
 Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements that have been based on current expectations about future acts, events and circumstances. These forward-looking statements are, however, subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause those acts, events and circumstances to differ materially from the expectations described in such forward-looking statements.

These factors include, among other things, commercial, technical and other risks e.g. associated with estimation of the price of carbohydrate resources, the meeting of development objectives and other investment considerations, as well as other matters not yet known to the Company or not currently considered material by the Company.

Global Bioenergies accepts no responsibility to update any person regarding any error or omission or change in the information in this presentation or any other information made available to a person or any obligation to furnish the person with further information.



See slide 6

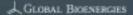
Using breakthrough innovations,

we convert renewable resources

into drop-in fuels and materials.

See slide 19

See slides 7-9, 31



#### False ideas about biofuels

#### « Biofuels starve the planet! »

- False, food resources are globally oversupplied and 1/3 is wasted today
- Still, need to stay away from certain crops (palm oil), and to invest in technologies based on agri and forestry wastes

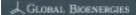


- False, biofuels compete today in premium markets
- Oil price up, sugar price down --> competitiveness of biofuels increases



#### « Electric vehicles are THE solution! »

- > False, EVs are A PART OF the solution.
- EVs will <u>always</u> be inferior to thermal engine cars (lower autonomy, everyday charging requirement...)



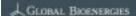
# Industrial biotechnology - the road to maturity

~100 industrial biology companies worldwide are moving the field across the Gartner Cycle



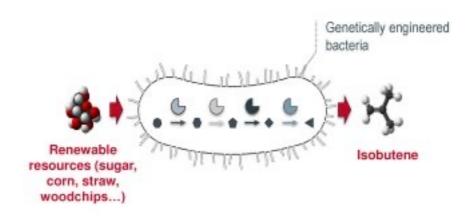


2018: Climbing the slope of enlightenment?



# We convert renewable resources into isobutene, a platform hydrocarbon

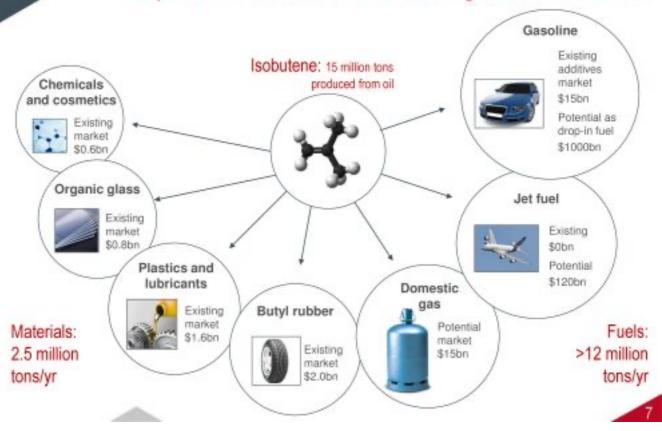
Using a new synthetic biology approach, bacteria become "Microbial factories"

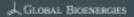


- This breakthrough innovation:
  - Opens up the domain of direct production of gaseous hydrocarbons
  - Is protected by 32 patent families on which Global Bioenergies holds exclusive rights



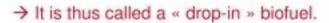
# A platform molecule with an existing \$20 billion market



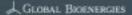


## Renewable gasoline: We jump the wall

- Bio-ethanol was the first success for renewable fuels.
   It has reached its own limit:
  - Ethanol: no more than 10% in gasoline (blendwall) 🧲
- At Global Bioenergies, we produce <u>renewable</u> gasoline, a high-performance hydrocarbon miscible in fossil gasoline without any technical limitation.
- It can be used in any gasoline car.
- It can be distributed using the existing depots, pipelines, tanks and pumping stations, meaning no investment needed in infrastructures.







## We also target Jetfuel, a market in its early days

- Jetfuel market: 120 million tons (equivalent to 2,400 plants of 50,000 tons each)
  - Bio-jetfuel not significantly existing at present
  - High technical and regulatory constraints
- Limited competition
  - Isobutene to Jetfuel (Global Bioenergies)
  - Palm oil hydrogenation (Neste)
  - Farnesane (Amyris)
  - Alcohol to Jet (Gevo)
  - Fischer-Tropsch (Fulcrum)
- Building the market
  - Strong will from the aviation industry expected to turn into mandates and tax incentives
  - Many voluntary initiatives taken by commercial airlines





## Application in materials and cosmetics



- · Each market with its specific drivers:
  - Niche markets for renewable rubbers and plastics
  - Specific market pull in the paints, due to their poor environmental image
  - Isobutene derivatives largely used in cosmetics: expectation for very high premium price
- · Will be the first markets addressed
- Ton-scale production at Demo plant already targeting these markets

# Two major issues addressed at a time



Global
 Warming due to
 CO<sub>2</sub> emissions



Oil dependency in a future world of scarcity

#### J. GLOBAL BIOENERGIES

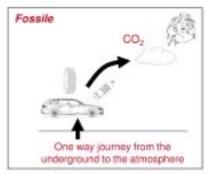
# 

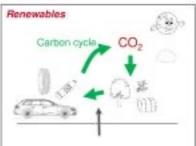
The planet will warm by several °C before 2100 if nothing is done to reduce Green House Gas emissions.

Cataclysmic consequences.

Renewables recycle atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub>, and reduce GHG emissions by 2 to 5 folds

# 1. Global warming





## 2. Oil dependency



- Oil demand increases steeply: +1.5% per year
- Shale Oil deployment matches the demand for now - No guarantee it can last for long...
- Catastrophic scenarios if oil becomes scarce -Need to prepare solutions to complement oil
- Renewables today represent less than 2% of oil production. Could go up to 10% if new technologies emerge.
- Producing biofuels on its land becomes strategic for countries depending on imported oil.



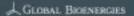
## Perspective to improve air quality



Particles in cities lead to 3 million premature death worldwide (300,000 in Europe)

Modern direct injection gasoline engine emit large amount of particles Isobutene derivatives are high performance compound for gasoline engines, and could help reduce pollutants emissions

Preliminary tests performed in single cylinder engines, to be further confirmed in road testing



## Technology maturity

- Started from a paper project in 2008
- R&D milestones hit, then construction of proprietary pilot and demo plants
- Reaching commercial performances at demo scale is the main target for 2018
- First commercial plant in engineering phase



#### Commercial Plants











## IBN-One: first commercial plant project

 Supported by the ADEME Investissements d'Avenir program



- Estimated CAPEX: €115 million to be funded by
  - Cristal Union
  - Public & Private infrastructure funds
  - Banking debt
- Engineering studies: TechnipFMC



- Commercial operations to start in
- First agreements signed with

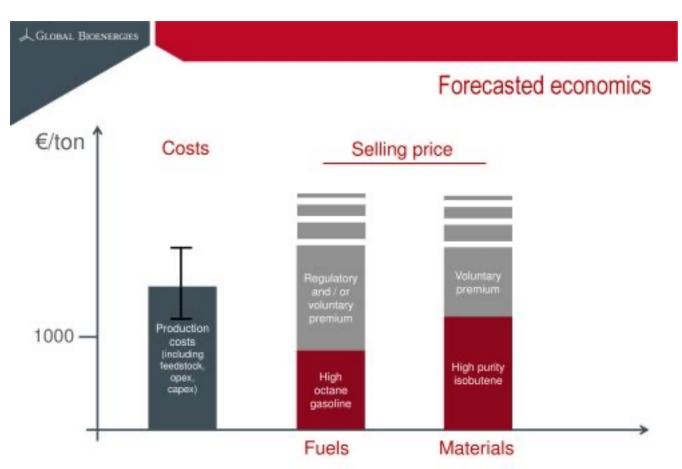
L'ORÉAL **ASPEN** 





- Production = 120-20000 industrial sucrose are converted into 30-5000 gaseous, low purity isobutene
- Purification isobutene is isolated from surrounding. fermentation gases
- Shipping Liquid high purity isobutane (99.7%) is stored and shipped for chemical applications
- Conversion Part of the production is converted on site



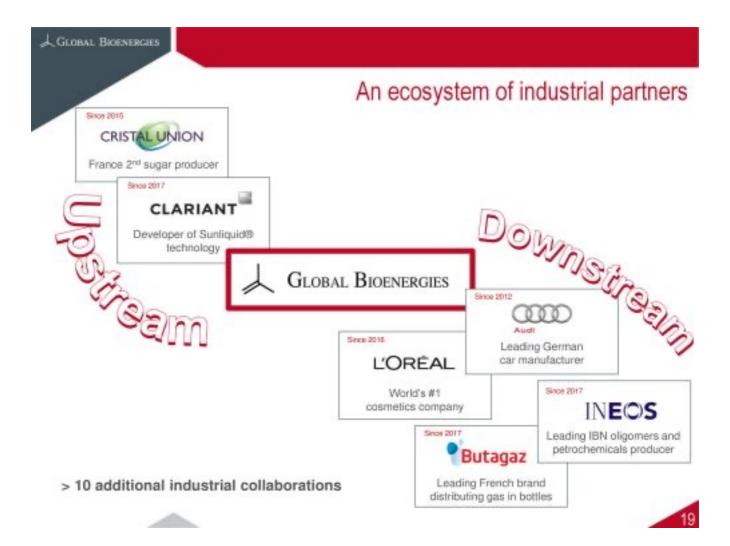


→ Estimations done with March 2018 oil and sugar conditions



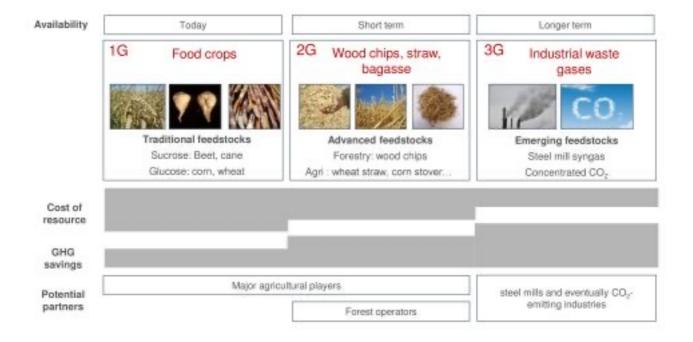
## A licensing business model

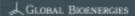
- Licenses to be granted to industrialists, for them to build and operate.
- No CAPEX involved (€11m investment in Demo plant was the last one to be done by Global Bioenergies).
- For a typical 50,000 tons project: €5m upfront + €5m/yr royalties to Global Bioenergies.
- Market in thousands of 50,000 tons units. Will open progressively as technology matures and as market conditions continue to improve.
- Global Bioenergies would be profitable with only 3 licenses, possibly in 2021.





# First axis of R&D: diversifying the feedstocks



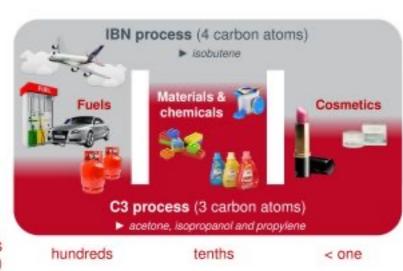


## Second axis of R&D: diversifying the products

- A second process is under development, and targets Acetone, Isopropanol and Propylene (three carbons compounds)
- Process named "C3"
- Acetone and Isopropanol target niche markets in cosmetics and fine chemicals
- Propylene targets a huge market: bulk plastics (car industry, furnitures, toys...)
- Possible markets in the fuels as well
- Process progressing extremely well in R&D. Scale-up in progress

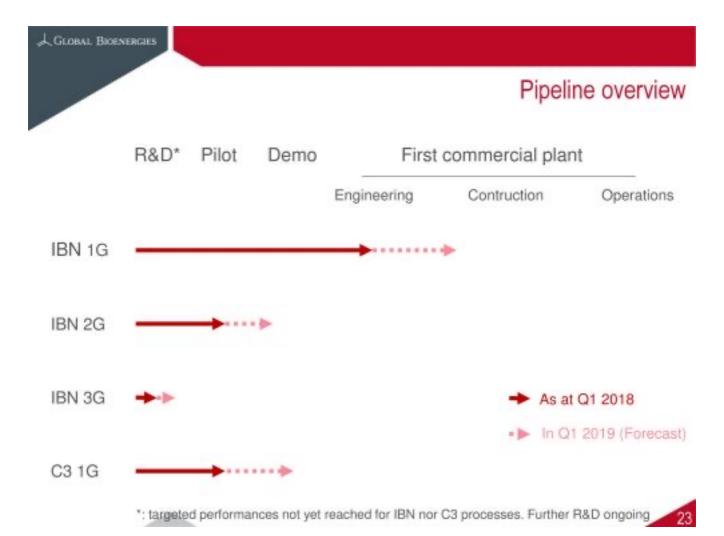


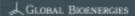
# C3 and IBN processes target the same global markets



Scale of Markets (million tons)

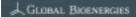
→ Natural business development synergies



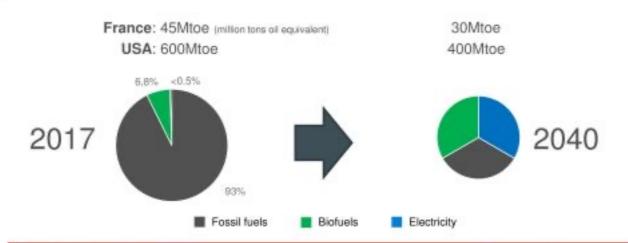


# Renewable gasoline vs electric vehicle

- In 2017, many have said that EVs would take the whole automotive market by 2040.
- But autonomy limitations, grid issues, debatable carbon footprint, real cost for nations... is moving the consensus to a more prudent position.
- Targeting the market of the second car of families (20-40% of the market) within a few decades is already a great challenge.



# Vision for road transport in France and in the US



### Transition Pillars

Consumption reduction (better cars, shared transportation...) Biofuels deployment

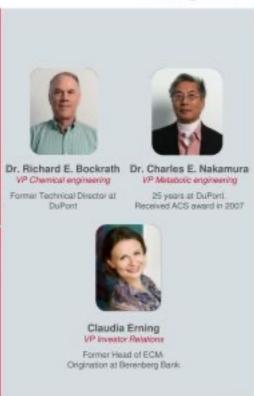
Increase in renewable electricity, new infrastructures, grids

## Impact

Oil consumption down 75% CO<sub>2</sub> emissions down 60%

# Management





## **Board of Directors**



John Pierce - Chairman of the Board

Leading American figure of the industrial biology sector, former Chief Bioscientist of BP



Marc Delcourt - Co-fonder and CEO

Entrepreneur with a scientific background. Has founded and managed industrial biotechs since 1997



Board of Directors

Philippe Marlière – Co-founder and President of the SAB Visionary scientist. Has pioneered the translation of biology into industrial applications

A s

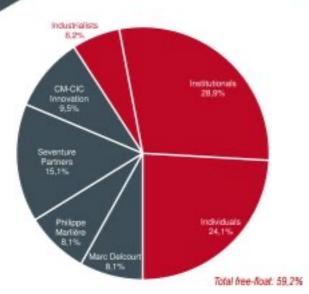
Sébastien Groyer – Partner at Seventure Partners
Has participated in the investment, administration, market
launch or takeover of about 20 innovative companies



Karine Lignel – Director at CM-CIC Investissement A trained engineer active in Venture Capital since 2000



# Shareholders and equity financing



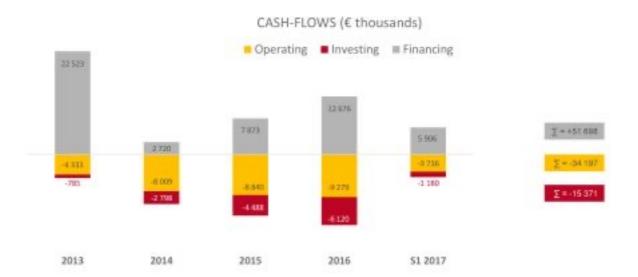
- ▶ 68 million euros raised to date
- Market cap ~€80m

Existing shares as at Dec. 31<sup>st</sup>, 2017 4,487,501 +Dilutive instruments (stock-options, warrants...) +633,251 including stock options for employees: 214,732 Fully diluted: = 5,120,752

Average daily liquidity	
2012	€160.
2013	6324
2014	€77k
2015	€96k
2016	@90k
2017	€120k

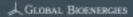


## YEARLY CASH-FLOWS

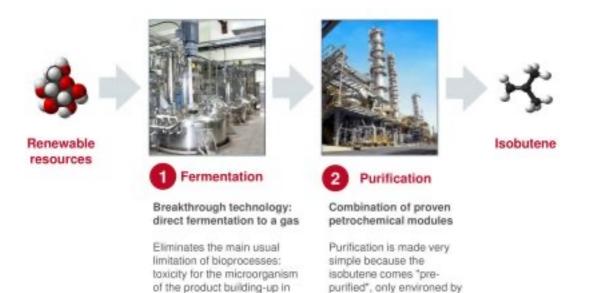


- → All major investments behind (laboratory equipment, pilot, demo plant)
- → Cash in hands as at Sept 30th, 2017: €17m





# First ever process based on direct fermentation to a gas



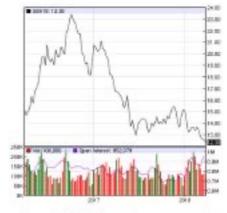
the medium.

air, CO2, and water.

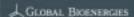
## Market economics are improving

- Oil price is recovering progressively (\$70 recently, up two folds from 2016)
- Sugar price went recently down, in particular due to the large increase in European sugar production (end of the quotas

system)



Sugar #11, US cents per pound.

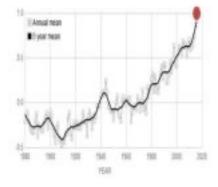


## Climate Change: potential for global impact

- Climate change metrics
  - Temperatures already 1 °C above historical average
  - Paris Agreement aims a 2°C increase maximum by 2100
  - At the present trend, would reach 3.5 ℃
- Green House Gas emissions (1)
  - Have reached 53Gt per year in 2017
  - Must be lowered by 11Gt in 2030 to meet Paris objectives
  - Must be negative by end of century



- Efficiency (35% of 2030 objective)
- Biofuels (6% of 2030 objective)
- Global Bioenergies' drop-in products can be a significant part of the solution





## Contact

Jean-Baptiste Barbaroux Chief Corporate Officer

jean-baptiste.barbaroux@global-bioenergies.com

Tel: +33 (0)1 64 98 20 50

www.global-bioenergies.com